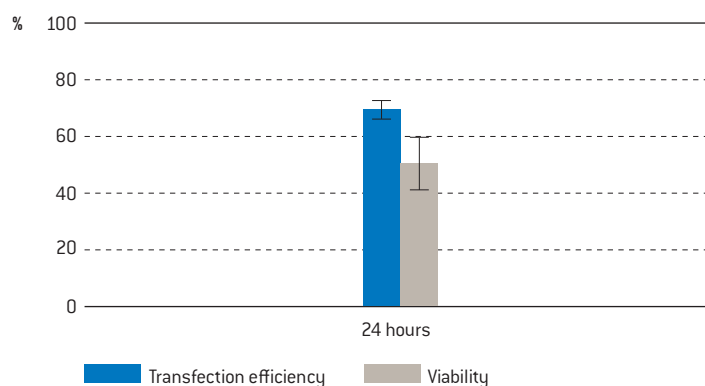


# Amaxa™ HT Nucleofector™ protocol for human prostate epithelial cells (PrEC)

## Cell description

This protocol has been validated to work with Clonetics™ PrEC (Lonza; Cat. No. CC-2555); adherent epithelial cells.

### Example for Nucleofection™ of human PrECs



Transfection efficiency of hPrEC cells 24 hours post Nucleofection™.  $1 \times 10^5$  cells were transfected with HT Nucleofector™ program CM-102-AA and 0.4  $\mu\text{g}$  pmaxGFP™ vector. 24 hours post Nucleofection™ cells were analyzed on a FACSCalibur™ with HTS option (Becton Dickinson).

## Product description

### Recommended kit(s)

P1 primary cell HT Nucleofector™ kits

Cat. No.	V5SP-1002
Size (reactions)	2×384
P1 primary cell HT Nucleofector™ solution	22.5 ml
Supplement	5 ml
pmaxGFP™ vector (1 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$ in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0)	50 $\mu\text{g}$
384-well 384-well Nucleocuvette™ plate(s)	2

Cat. No.	V5SP-1010
Size (reactions)	10×384
P1 primary cell HT Nucleofector™ solution	90 ml
Supplement	20 ml
pmaxGFP™ vector (1 $\mu\text{g}/\mu\text{l}$ in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0)	150 $\mu\text{g}$
384-well 384-well Nucleocuvette™ plate(s)	10

### Storage and stability

Store Nucleofector™ solution, supplement and pmaxGFP™ vector at 4°C. For long term storage pmaxGFP™ vector is ideally stored at -20°C. The expiry date is printed on the solution box. Once the Nucleofector™ supplement is added to the Nucleofector™ solution it is stable for three months at 4°C.

### Note

HT Nucleofector™ solutions can only be used with conductive polymer cuvettes, i.e. in the HT Nucleofector™ device, the 96-well Shuttle™ and in the 4D-Nucleofector™ system. They are not compatible with the Nucleofector™ II/2b device.

## Required material

### Note

Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector™ solution.

- HT Nucleofector™ System
- Supplemented Nucleofector™ solution at room temperature
- Supplied 384-well Nucleocuvette™ plate(s)
- Supplied pmaxGFP™ vector, stock solution 1 µg/µl

### Note

Volume of substrate solution added to each sample should not exceed 10 % of the total reaction volume (2 µl for 20 µl reactions). For positive control using pmaxGFP™ vector, please dilute the stock solution to reach the appropriate working concentration.

- Substrate of interest, highly purified, preferably by using endotoxin free kits; A260 : A280 ratio should be at least 1.8
- 384-well Nucleocuvette™ plates are best handled with an automated liquid handling system. If manual pipetting is required please use compatible tips: epT.I.P.S.™ (US/CDN: Eppendorf North America, Cat. No. 2491.431, Rest of World: Eppendorf AG, Cat. No. 0030073.266), Matrix TallTips™ (Matrix Technologies Corp., Cat. No. 7281) or LTS Tips (Rainin Instrument, LLC, Cat. No. SR-L10F, SR/SS-L250S, SR/SS-L300S). Before using other types of pipette tips, please ensure they reach the bottom of the Nucleocuvette™ wells without getting stuck
- 96-well culture plates or culture plates of your choice
- For trypsinization Reagent Pack™ Subculture Reagent Kit containing Trypsin/EDTA, HEPES Buffered Saline Solution (HBSS) and Trypsin Neutralizing Solution (TNS) (Lonza, Cat. No. CC-5034)
- Culture medium: PrEGM™ BulletKit™ (Lonza; Cat. No. CC-3166). We recommend storing 40 ml aliquots of the prepared medium at -80°C. Do not use medium stored at 4°C for more than two days, as this may lead to reduced cell viability and transfection efficiency
- Pre-warm appropriate volume of culture media at 37°C (216 µl per sample)
- Appropriate number of cells (1×10<sup>5</sup> cells per sample; lower or higher cell numbers may influence transfection results)

## 1. Pre Nucleofection™

### Note

Transfection results may be donor-dependent.

### Cell culture recommendations

- 1.1 Human PrEC 96-well seeding conditions: 2.5×10<sup>3</sup> cells/cm<sup>2</sup>. Use flasks with a surface area of 75 m<sup>2</sup> only. High cell densities in hPrEC culture lead to increased cell mortality and reduced transfection efficiency
- 1.2 Replace medium 1 day after splitting, then every 2 days
- 1.3 Cells should be passaged every 2–3 days
- 1.4 For Nucleofection™ cells should be preferably passaged 2 days before
- 1.5 Do not use cells after passage number 8, preferably passage number 6, as this may result in substantially lower gene transfer efficiency and viability

### Trypsinization

- 1.6 Remove media from the cultured cells and wash cells once with HBSS; use at least same volume of HBSS as culture media
- 1.7 For harvesting, incubate the cells 4–6 minutes at 37°C with recommended volume of indicated trypsinization reagent (please see required material)
- 1.8 Neutralize trypsinization reaction with TNS once the majority of the cells (>90 %) have been detached (latest after 7 minutes as otherwise cells may start to clump)

## 2. Nucleofection™

### One Nucleofection™ sample contains

- $1 \times 10^5$  cells
- 0.4–1 µg plasmid DNA (in 1–2 µl H<sub>2</sub>O or TE) or 0.4 µg pmaxGFP™ vector or 30–300 nM siRNA (0.6–6 pmol/sample)
- 20 µl P1 primary cell HT Nucleofector™ solution

- 2.1 Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector™ solution
- 2.2 Start Nucleofector™ HT Nucleofector™ software, verify device connection and upload experimental parameter file (for details refer to the HT Nucleofector™ manuals)
- 2.3 Select the appropriate HT Nucleofector™ program **CM-102-AA**
- 2.4 Prepare cell culture plates by filling appropriate number of wells with desired volume of recommended culture media, e.g. 176 µl for one well of a 96-well plate and pre-incubate/equilibrate plates in a humidified 37°C/5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator
- 2.5 Pre-warm an aliquot of culture medium to 37°C (40 µl per sample see comments at the end of this chapter\*)
- 2.6 Prepare 0.4–1 µg plasmid DNA or 0.4 µg pmaxGFP™ vector. For siRNA experiments we recommend to start using 30–300 nM siRNA (0.6–6 pmol/sample)
- 2.7 Harvest the cells by trypsinization (please see 1.6–1.8)
- 2.8 Count an aliquot of the trypsinized cells and determine cell density
- 2.9 Centrifuge the required number of cells ( $1 \times 10^5$  cells per sample) at 220×g for 5 minutes at room temperature
- 2.10 Resuspend the cell pellet carefully in 20 µl room temperature Nucleofector™ solution per sample

#### A: One or several substrates (DNAs or RNAs) in multiples

- Prepare mastermixes by dividing cell suspension according to number of substrates
- Add required amount of substrates to each aliquot (max. 2 µl per sample)
- Transfer 20 µl of mastermixes into the wells of the 384-well Nucleocuvette™ plate

#### B: Multiple substrates (e.g. library transfection)

- Pipette 20 µl of cell suspension into each well of a sterile U-bottom 384-well microtiter plate
- Add 2 µl substrates (maximum) to each well
- Transfer 20 µl of cells with substrates into the wells of the 384-well Nucleocuvette™ plate

### Note

It is advisable to pre-dispense each cell suspension into a sterile round-bottom 384-well plate or to pipet from a pipetting reservoir for multi-channel pipettes. Use a multi-channel or single-channel pipette with suitable pipette tips. As leaving cells in HT Nucleofector™ solution for extended periods of time may lead to reduced transfection efficiency and viability it is important to work as quickly as possible. Avoid air bubbles while pipetting.

- 2.11 Briefly shake the 384-well Nucleocuvette™ plate with an appropriate microtiter plate shaker to make sure the sample covers the bottom of the wells without air bubbles. Alternatively thoroughly tap the 384-well Nucleocuvette™ plate
- 2.12 Place 384-well Nucleocuvette™ plate with closed lid onto the carousel of the plate handler of the HT Nucleofector™. Well “A1” must be in upper left position
- 2.13 Start Nucleofection™ process clicking “Start” in the HT Nucleofector™ software (for details refer to the HT Nucleofector™ manuals)
- 2.14 After run completion, open retainer and carefully remove the HT Nucleocuvette™ plate from the retainer
- 2.15 Incubate Nucleocuvette™ plate 10 minutes at room temperature
- 2.16 Resuspend cells with desired volume of pre-warmed medium (maximum cuvette volume 60 µl). Mix cells by gently pipetting up and down two to three times. Recommendation for 96-well plates: Resuspend cells in 40 µl of pre-warmed medium\*
- 2.17 Plate desired amount of cells in culture system of your choice. Recommendation for 96-well plates: Transfer 24 µl of resuspended cells to 176 µl pre-warmed medium prepared in 384-well culture plates\*

### \* Note

The indicated cell numbers and volumes have been found to produce optimal Nucleofection™ results in most cases, however, depending on your specific needs you may wish to test an extended range of cell numbers. Cell numbers and volumes can be adapted such that fewer cells are transferred or duplicate plates can be seeded.

## 3. Post Nucleofection™

- 3.1 Incubate the cells in a humidified 37°C/5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator until analysis. Gene expression is often detectable after only 4–8 hours

## Additional information

### Up-to-date List of all Nucleofector™ references

[www.lonza.com/nucleofection-citations](http://www.lonza.com/nucleofection-citations)

### Technical assistance and scientific support

#### USA/Canada

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[scientific.support@lonza.com](mailto:scientific.support@lonza.com)

#### Europe and Rest of World

Tel + 49 221 99199 400

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[scientific.support.eu@lonza.com](mailto:scientific.support.eu@lonza.com)

## [www.lonza.com](http://www.lonza.com)

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