

Amaxa™ 4D-Nucleofector™ Protocol for stimulated Mouse B Cells For 4D-Nucleofector™ X Unit

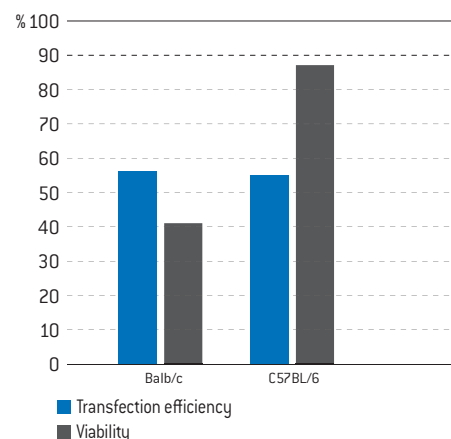
Cells derived from mouse spleen (mice strain BALB/c and C57BL/6). Small round cells, suspension

Note

This Kit is NOT suited for unstimulated B cells.

Example for Nucleofection™ of stimulated mouse B cells

Average transfection efficiency and viability of mouse B cells 6×10^5 of stimulated cells were transfected with program DI-100 using 0.4 µg of pmaxGFP™ Vector in 20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strips. 24 hours post Nucleofection™ cells were analyzed on a FACSCalibur™ [Becton Dickinson]. Cell viability was analyzed by using the CellTiter Glo® assay [Promega] 24 hours post Nucleofection™.



Product Description

Recommended Kit(s)–P4 Primary Cell 4D-Nucleofector™ X Kit

Cat. No.	V4XP-4012	V4XP-4024	V4XP-4032
Transfection volume	100 µl	100 µl	20 µl
Size [reaction]	2 x 6	24	2 x 16
Nucleofector™ Solution	2 x 0.675 ml (0.492 ml + 27 % overflow)	2.25 ml (1.968 ml + 13 % overflow)	0.675 ml (0.525 ml + 22 % overflow)
Supplement	2 x 0.15 ml (0.108 ml + 27 % overflow)	0.5 ml (0.432 ml + 13 % overflow)	0.15 ml (0.115 ml + 22 % overflow)
pmaxGFP™ Vector (1 µg/µl in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0)	50 µg	50 µg	50 µg
Single Nucleocuvette™ (100 µl)	12	24	-
16-well Nucleocuvette™ Strips (20 µl)	-	-	2

Storage and stability

Store Nucleofector™ Solution, Supplement and pmaxGFP™ Vector at 4 °C. For long-term storage, pmaxGFP™ Vector is ideally stored at -20 °C. The expiration date is printed on the solution box. Once the Nucleofector™ Supplement is added to the Nucleofector™ Solution, it is stable for three months at 4 °C.

Note

4D-Nucleofector™ Solutions could be only used with Nucleovettes™ (conductive polymer cuvettes), i.e. in the 4D-Nucleofector™ System and the 96-well Shuttle™ Device. They are not compatible with the Nucleofector™ II/2b Device.

Required Material

Note

Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector™ Solution. The ratio of Nucleofector™ Solution to supplement is 4.5: 1 (see table 1)

- 4D-Nucleofector™ System (4D-Nucleofector™ Core Unit and 4D-Nucleofector™ X Unit)
- Supplemented 4D-Nucleofector™ Solution at room temperature
- Supplied 100 µl single Nucleocuvette™ or 20 µl 16-well Nucleocuvette™ Strips
- **Compatible tips for 20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strips:** epT.I.P.S. [US/CDN: Eppendorf North America, Cat. No. 2491.431, Rest of World: Eppendorf AG, Cat. No. 0030073.266], Matrix TallTips® [Matrix Technologies Corp., Cat. No. 7281] or LTS Tips [Rainin Instruments, LLC, Cat. No. SR-L10F, SR/SS-L250S, SR/SS-L300S]. Before using other types of pipette tips, please ensure they reach the bottom of the Nucleocuvette™ Wells without getting stuck
- **Supplied pmaxGFP™ Vector, stock solution 1µg/µl**

Note

For positive control using pmaxGFP™, dilute the stock solution to an appropriate working concentration. Further details are provided in table 3 of this Optimized Protocol. The volume of substrate solution added to each sample should not exceed 10% of the total reaction volume (2 µl for 20 µl reactions; 10 µl for 100 µl reactions).

- Substrate of interest, highly purified, preferably by using endotoxin-free kits; A260 : A280 ratio should be at least 1.8
- Cell culture plates of your choice
- **Culture medium I:** RPMI1640 [Lonza; Cat. No. 12-167F] supplemented with 10% FCS, 2 mM UltraGlutamine I [Lonza, Cat. No. 17-605E/U1], 50 µM β-mercaptoethanol, 1% ITS [Sigma] and LPS (50 µg/ml) if desired
- **Culture medium II:** RPMI 1640 [Lonza; Cat. No. 12-167F] supplemented with 10% FCS, 2 mM UltraGlutamine I [Lonza, Cat. no. 17-605E/U1], 50µM β-Mercaptoethanol and 50 µg/ml LPS (Sigma)
- **For isolation:** B Cell Isolation Kit, mouse [Milteny; Cat. No. 130-090-862; negative selection]; PBS/BSA for B cell isolation
- Prewarm appropriate volume of culture medium to 37 °C (see table 2)
- Appropriate number of cells/sample (see table 2)

1. Pre Nucleofection™

Note

Transfection results may be strain dependent.

Preparation and stimulation of mouse B cells

This section provides an outline for the isolation, cell culture and stimulation of primary mouse B cells. For further details we recommend the established preparation and cultivation protocols described in literature (e.g. Lymphocytes, A practical approach, Rowland-Jones S. L. and McMichael A.J., Oxford University Press)

- 1.1 Isolate mouse lymphocytes from spleens of 8–11 weeks old mice in cold PBS/BSA
- 1.2 Avoid the erythrocyte lysis step
- 1.3 Purify and enrich the B cells by using the B Cell Isolation Kit for mouse leukocytes
- 1.4 Do not overload the separation separation columns. As a rule of thumb use only 1 columns to separate the B cells isolated from 2 spleens
- 1.5 After isolation of pure B cells (around 95%) incubate the cells for 24 hours in culture medium II. Use a culture flask for suspension cells (1 x 10⁸ cells per T75 flask /20 ml) and cultivate the cells in a humidified 37 °C/5% CO₂ incubator
- 1.6 After incubation with LPS the B cells should have formed visible clusters, showing the blast formation has been induced successfully
- 1.7 Take an aliquot of the cell suspension, count the cells and determine cell density

2. Nucleofection™

For Nucleofection™ Sample contents and recommended Nucleofector™ Program, please refer to Table 3.

- 2.1 Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector™ Solution
- 2.2 Start 4D-Nucleofector™ System and create or upload experimental parameter file (for details see device manual)
- 2.3 Select/Check for the appropriate Nucleofector™ Program (see table 3)
- 2.4 Prepare cell culture plates by filling appropriate number of wells with desired volume of recommended culture media (see table 4) and pre-incubate/equilibrate plates in a humidified 37 °C/5% CO₂ incubator
- 2.5 Pre-warm an aliquot of culture media to 37 °C (see table 4)
- 2.6 Prepare plasmid DNA or pmaxGFP™ Vector or siRNA (see table 3)
- 2.7 Count an aliquot of the cells and determine cell density
- 2.8 Centrifuge the required number of cells (see table 3) at 90xg for 10 minutes at room temperature. Remove supernatant completely

- 2.9 Resuspend the cell pellet carefully in room temperature 4D-Nucleofector™ Solution (see table 3)
- 2.10 Prepare mastermixes by dividing cell suspension according to number of substrates
- 2.11 Add required amount of substrates to each aliquot (max. 10 % of final sample volume)
- 2.12 Transfer mastermixes into the Nucleocuvette™ Vessels

Note

As leaving cells in Nucleofector™ Solution for extended periods of time may lead to reduced transfection efficiency and viability it is important to work as quickly as possible. Avoid air bubbles while pipetting.

- 2.13 Gently tap the Nucleocuvette™ Vessels to make sure the sample covers the bottom of the cuvette
- 2.14 Place Nucleocuvette™ Vessel with closed lid into the retainer of the 4D-Nucleofector™ X Unit. Check for proper orientation of the Nucleocuvette™ Vessel
- 2.15 Start Nucleofection™ Process by pressing the “Start” on the display of the 4D-Nucleofector™ Core Unit (for details, please refer to the device manual)
- 2.16 After run completion, carefully remove the Nucleocuvette™ Vessel from the retainer
- 2.17 Resuspend cells with pre-warmed medium (for recommended volumes see table 5). Mix cells by gently pipetting up and down two to three times. When working with the 100 µl Nucleocuvette™ use the supplied pipettes and avoid repeated aspiration of the sample
- 2.18 Plate desired amount of cells in culture system of your choice (for recommended volumes see table 5)

3. Post Nucleofection™

- 3.1 Incubate the cells in humidified 37 °C/5 % CO₂ incubator until analysis. Gene expression or down regulation, respectively, is often detectable after only 4-8 hours. If this is not the case, the incubation time can be prolonged up to 48 hours.

Additional Information

For an up-to-date list of all Nucleofector™ References, please refer to: www.lonza.com/nucleofection-citations

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References

1. Rowland-Jones S.L. and McMichae A.J., Lymphocytes, A practical approach, Oxford University Press; ISBN-10:0-19-963816-0, ISBN 13: 978-0-19-962816-1; Publication date: December 16, 1999

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Table 1: Volumes required for a single reaction

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip
Volume of Nucleofector™ Solution	82 µl	16.4 µl
Volume of Supplement	18 µl	3.6 µl

Table 2: Required amounts of cells and media for Nucleofection™

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip
Culture medium per sample post Nucleofection™ (for transfer and culture)	1.5 ml	190 µl
Cell number per Nucleofection™ Sample	3 x 10 ⁶ (Lower or higher cell numbers may influence transfection results)	6 x 10 ⁵ cells (Lower or higher cell numbers may influence transfection results)

Table 3: Contents of one Nucleofection™ Sample and recommended program

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip
Cells	3 x 10 ⁶	6 x 10 ⁵
Substrate*		
pmaxGFP™ Vector	2 µg	0.4 µg
or plasmid DNA (in H ₂ O or TE)	2 µg	0.4–1 µg
or siRNA	30–300nM siRNA (3–30 pmol/sample)	30–300nM siRNA (0.6–6 pmol/sample)
P4 Primary Cell 4D-Nucleofector™ X Solution	100 µl	20 µl
Program	DI-100	DI-100

* Volume of substrate should comprise maximum 10% of total reaction volume

Table 4: Culture volumes required for post Nucleofection™ Steps

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip*
12-well culture plate	1 ml culture medium I	-
96-well culture plate	-	110 µl culture medium I
Culture medium to be added to the sample post Nucleofection™	500 µl culture medium I	80 µl culture medium I

* Maximum cuvette volume 200 µl

Table 5: Recommended volumes for sample transfer into culture plate

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip*
Culture medium to be added to the sample post Nucleofection™	500 µl culture medium I	80 µl culture medium I
Volume of sample transferred to culture plate	complete sample (use supplied pipettes)	90 µl

* Maximum cuvette volume 200 µl