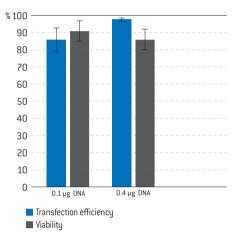
Lonza

Amaxa[™] 4D-Nucleofector[™] Protocol for Human Dermal Fibroblasts For 4D-Nucleofector[™] X Unit—Transfection in suspension

Validated to work with Clonetics™ NHDF-Neo [Lonza; Cat. No. CC-2509]; adherent fibroblastoid cells

Example for Nucleofection™ of NHDF-Neo

Transfection efficiencies and viabilities NHDF-Neo 24 hours post Nucleofection[™]. NHDF-Neo cells were transfected with program DT-130 and 0.1 µg or 0.4 µg of pmaxGFP[™] Vector in 20 µl Nucleocuvette[™] Strips. 24 hours post Nucleofection[™] cells were analyzed on a FACSCalibur[™] (Becton Dickinson). Cell viability was determinded as % Pl negative cells.



Product Description

Recommended Kit(s)-P2 Primary Cell 4D-Nucleofector™ X Kit

Cat. No.	V4XP-2012	V4XP-2024	V4XP-2032
Transfection volume	100 µl	100 µl	20 µl
Size [reaction]	2 x 6	24	2 x 16
Nucleofector [™] Solution	2 x 0.675 ml (0.492 ml + 27% overfill)	2.25 ml (1.968 ml + 13% overfill)	0.675 ml _(0.525 ml + 22% overfill)
Supplement	2 x 0.15 ml (0.108 ml + 27% overfill)	0.5 ml (0.432 ml + 13% overfill)	0.15 ml (0.115 ml + 22% overfill)
pmaxGFP™ Vector (1 µg/µl in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0)	50 µg	50 µg	
Single Nucleocuvette™ (100 µl)	12	24	
16-well Nucleocuvette™ Strips (20 µl)	-	-	2

Storage and stability

Note

Store Nucleofector[™] Solution, Supplement and pmaxGFP[™] Vector at 4°C. For long-term storage, pmaxGFP[™] Vector is ideally stored at -20°C. The expiration date is printed on the solution box. Once the Nucleofector[™] Supplement is added to the Nucleofector[™] Solution, it is stable for three months at 4°C. 4D-Nucleofector[™] Solutions can only be used with Nucleovettes[™] (conductive polymer cuvettes), i.e. in the 4D-Nucleofector[™] System and the 96-well Shuttle[™] Device. They are not compatible with the Nucleofector[™] II/2b Device.

Required Material

Note

Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector™ Solution. The ratio of Nucleofector™ Solution to supplement is 4.5 : 1 (see table 1)

- 4D-Nucleofector[™] System (4D-Nucleofector[™] Core Unit and 4D-Nucleofector[™] X Unit)
- Supplemented 4D-Nucleofector™ Solution at room temperature
- Supplied 100 µl single Nucleocuvette™ or 20 µl 16-well Nucleocuvette™ Strips
- Compatible tips for 20 µl Nucleocuvette[™] Strips: epT.I.P.S. [US/CDN: Eppendorf North America, Cat. No. 2491.431, Rest of World: Eppendorf AG, Cat. No. 0030073.266], Matrix TallTips[®] [Matrix Technologies Corp., Cat. No. 7281] or LTS Tips [Rainin Instruments, LLC, Cat. No. SR-L10F, SR/SS-L250S, SR/SS-L300S]. Before using other types of pipette tips, please ensure they reach the bottom of the Nucleocuvette[™] Wells without getting stuck
- Supplied pmaxGFP[™] Vector, stock solution 1 μg/μl

Note

For positive control using pmaxGFP^m, dilute the stock solution to an appropriate working concentration. Further details are provided in table 3 of this Optimized Protocol. The volume of substrate solution added to each sample should not exceed 10% of the total reaction volume (2 μ l for 20 μ l reactions; 10 μ l for 100 μ l reactions).

- Substrate of interest, highly purified, preferably by using endotoxin-free kits; A260:A280 ratio should be at least 1.8
- Cell culture plates of your choice
- For detaching cells: Reagent Pack[™] Subculture Reagent Kit containing Trypsin/EDTA, HEPES Buffered Saline Solution (HBSS) and Trypsin Neutralizing Solution (TNS) [Lonza, Cat. No. CC-5034]. Alternatively if cells hardly detach: Trypsin 0.5 % /EDTA 0.2 %
- Culture medium: FGM[®]-2 BulletKit[™] [Lonza; Cat. No. CC-3132]. We recommend storing 40 ml aliquots of the prepared medium at -80°C. Do not use medium stored at 4°C for more than two or three days, as this may lead to reduced cell viability
- Prewarm appropriate volume of culture medium to 37°C (see table 2)
- Appropriate number of cells/sample (see table 2)

1. Pre Nucleofection™

Cell culture recommendations

- 1.1 Seeding conditions: a least 5 x 10⁴ cells/25 cm² flask
- 1.2 Replace media 2–3 times per week; 2–3 ml media per 25 cm² flask
- 1.3 Cells should be passaged after reaching 90% confluency
- 1.4 For Nucleofection[™] cells should be preferably passaged 2 days before
- 1.5 Do not use cells after passage number 15 as this may result in substantially lower gene transfer efficiency and viability
- 1.6 Optimal confluency before Nucleofection[™]: 90%

Trypsinization

- 1.7 Remove media from the cultured cells and wash cells once with HBSS; use at least same volume of HBSS as culture media
- 1.8 For harvesting, incubate the cells ~1-3 minutes at 37°C with recommended volume of indicated trypsinization reagent (please see required material)
- 1.9 Neutralize trypsinization reaction with TNS once the majority of the cells (>90%) have been detached

2. Nucleofection[™]

For Nucleofection™ Sample contents and recommended Nucleofector™ Program, please refer to Table 3.

- 2.1 Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector[™] Solution
- 2.2 Start 4D-Nucleofector[™] System and create or upload experimental parameter file (for details see device manual)
- 2.3 Select/Check for the appropriate Nucleofector[™] Program (see table 3)
- 2.4 Prepare cell culture plates by filling appropriate number of wells with desired volume of recommended culture media (see table 4) and pre-incubate/equilibrate plates in a humidified 37°C/5% CO₂ incubator
- 2.5 Pre-warm an aliquot of culture medium to 37°C (see table 4)
- 2.6 Prepare plasmid DNA or pmaxGFP[™] Vector or siRNA (see table 3)
- 2.7 Harvest the cells by trypsinization (please see 1.7-1.9)
- 2.8 Count an aliquot of the cells and determine cell density
- 2.9 Centrifuge the required number of cells (see table 3) at 90xg for 10 minutes at room temperature. Remove supernatant completely
- 2.10 Resuspend the cell pellet carefully in room temperature 4D-Nucleofector[™] Solution (see table 3)
- 2.11 Prepare mastermixes by dividing cell suspension according to number of substrates
- 2.12 Add required amount of substrates to each aliquot (max. 10% of final sample volume)
- 2.13 Transfer mastermixes into the Nucleocuvette™ Vessels

Note

As leaving cells in Nucleofector[™] Solution for extended periods of time may lead to reduced transfection efficiency and viability it is important to work as quickly as possible. Avoid air bubbles while pipetting.

- 2.14 Gently tap the Nucleocuvette[™] Vessels to make sure the sample covers the bottom of the cuvette
- 2.15 Place Nucleocuvette[™] Vessel with closed lid into the retainer of the 4D-Nucleofector[™] X Unit. Check for proper orientation of the Nucleocuvette[™] Vessel
- 2.16 Start Nucleofection[™] Process by pressing the "Start" on the display of the 4D-Nucleofector[™] Core Unit (for details, please refer to the device manual)
- 2.17 After run completion, carefully remove the Nucleocuvette[™] Vessel from the retainer
- 2.18 Incubate Nucleocuvette™ 10 minutes at room temperature
- 2.19 Resuspend cells with pre-warmed medium (for recommended volumes see table 5). Mix cells by gently pipetting up and down two to three times. When working with the 100 µl Nucleocuvette[™] use the supplied pipettes and avoid repeated aspiration of the sample
- 2.20 Plate desired amount of cells in culture system of your choice (for recommended volumes see table 5)

Additional Information

For an up-to-date list of all Nucleofector[™] References, please refer to: www.lonza.com/nucleofection-citations

For more technical assistance, contact our Scientific Support Team:

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3. Post Nucleofection™

3.1 Incubate the cells in humidified 37°C/5% CO₂ incubator until analysis. Gene expression or down regulation, respectively, is often detectable after only 4–8 hours recommended volumes see table 5]

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Please note that the Amaxa[™] Nucleofector[™] Technology is not intended to be used for diagnostic purposes or for testing or treatment in humans.

The Nucleofector[™] Technology, comprising Nucleofection[™] Process, Nucleofector[™] Device, Nucleofector[™] Solutions, Nucleofector[™] 96-well Shuttle[™] System and 96-well Nucleocuvette[™] plates and modules is covered by patent and/or patent-pending rights owned by Lonza Cologne GmbH.

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Table 1: Volumes required for a single reaction

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip
Volume of Nucleofector™ Solution	82 µl	16.4 µl
Volume of Supplement	18 µl	3.6 µl

Table 2: Required amounts of cells and media for Nucleofection™

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip
Culture medium per sample post Nucleofection™ (for transfer and culture)	1.5 ml	255 μl
Cell number per Nucleofection™ Sample	0.5–1 x 10 ⁶ cells (minimal cell number: 2 x 10 ⁵ cells, a lower cell number may lead to a major increa- se in cell mortality; maximum cell number: 2 x 10 ⁶)	$5 \times 10^4 - 1 \times 10^5$ cells (Lower or higher cell numbers may influence transfection results)

Table 3: Contents of one Nucleofection[™] Sample and recommended program

		100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip
Cells		0.5–1 x 10 ⁶	5 x 10 ⁴ -1 x 10 ⁵
Substrate*	pmaxGFP™ Vector	2 µg	0.4 µg
or	plasmid DNA (in H_2^0 or TE)	1-5µg	<u>0.1–1 µg</u>
or	siRNA	30–300nM siRNA (3–30 pmol/sample)	30–300nM siRNA (0.6–6 pmol/sample)
P2 Primary Cell 4D-Nu	cleofector™ X Solution	100 µl	20 µl
Program		DT-130	DT-130
* Volume of substrate should	comprise maximum 10% of total reaction v	olume	

Table 4: Culture volumes required for post Nucleofection™ Steps

	100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip*
6-well culture plate	1 ml	·
96-well culture plate	·	175 µl
Culture medium to be added to the sample post Nucleofection™	500 µl	80 µl
* Maximum cuvette volume 200 μl		

Table 5: Recommended volumes for sample transfer into culture plate

	_100 µl Single Nucleocuvette™	20 µl Nucleocuvette™ Strip*
Culture medium to be added to the sample post Nucleofection™	500 µl	80 µl
Volume of sample transferred to culture plate	complete sample (use supplied pipettes)	25 μl
* Maximum cuvette volume 200 µl		