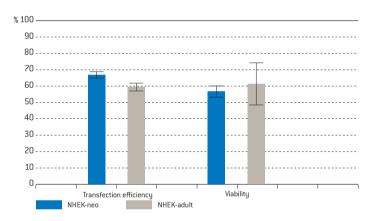
# Lonza

## Amaxa™ 96-well Shuttle™ Protocol for Normal Human Epidermal Keratinocytes (NHEK)

#### **Cell Description**

Validated to work with neonatal and adult Clonetics<sup>™</sup> KGM-Gold<sup>™</sup> Keratinocytes [Lonza; Cat. No. 00192907 (NHEK-Neo); Cat. No. 00192906 (NHEK-Neo, pooled); Cat. No. 00192627 (NHEK-adult)]; adherent epithelial cells

#### Example for 96-well Nucleofection™ of NHEK Cells



Transfection efficiencies of NHEK-neo/NHEK-adult cells 24 hours post Nucleofection<sup>™</sup>. 1.0 x 10<sup>5</sup> cells were transfected with program DS-138 using 0.4 µg pmaxGFP<sup>™</sup> Vector. Cells were analyzed 24 hours post Nucleofection<sup>™</sup> using a FACSCalibur<sup>™</sup> [Becton Dickinson]. Cell viability was measured with the ViaLight<sup>™</sup> Plus Bioassay Kit; (Lonza, Cat. No. LT07-221).

## **Product Description**

Cat. No.	V4SP-3096
Size (reactions)	1×96
P3 Primary Cell 96-well Nucleofector™ Solution	2.25 ml
Supplement	0.5 ml
pmaxGFP™ Vector (1.0 µg/µl in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0)	50 µg
Nucleocuvette™ Plate(s)	1
Cat. No.	V4SP-3960
Size (reactions)	10×96
P3 Primary Cell 96-well Nucleofector™ Solution	22.5 ml
Supplement	5 ml
pmaxGFP™ Vector (1.0 µg/µl in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0)	50 µg
Nucleocuvette™ Plate(s)	10

#### **Storage and Stability**

Store Nucleofector<sup>™</sup> Solution, Supplement and pmaxGFP<sup>™</sup> Vector at 4°C. For long-term storage, pmaxGFP<sup>™</sup> Vector is ideally stored at -20°C. The expiration date is printed on the solution box. Once the Nucleofector<sup>™</sup> Supplement is added to the Nucleofector<sup>™</sup> Solution, it is stable for three months at 4°C.

#### Note

96-well Nucleofector<sup>™</sup> Solutions can only be used with conductive polymer cuvettes, i.e. in the 96-well Shuttle<sup>™</sup> Device and in the 4D-Nucleofector<sup>™</sup> System. They are not compatible with the Nucleofector<sup>™</sup> II/2b Device.

## **Required Material**

#### Note

Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector™ Solution.

- Nucleofector<sup>™</sup> 96-well Shuttle System (Nucleofector<sup>™</sup> Device, version IIS; 96-well Shuttle<sup>™</sup> Device; laptop with 96-well Shuttle<sup>™</sup> Software)
- Supplemented 96-well Nucleofector™ Solution at room temperature
- Supplied Nucleocuvette<sup>™</sup> plate(s)
- Nucleocuvette<sup>™</sup> compatible tips: epT.I.P.S. [US/CDN: Eppendorf North America, Cat. No. 2491.431, Rest of World: Eppendorf AG, Cat. No. 0030073.266], Matrix TallTips<sup>®</sup> [Matrix Technologies Corp., Cat. No. 7281] or LTS Tips [Rainin Instrument, LLC, Cat. No. SR-L10F, SR/SS-L250S, SR/SS-L300S]. Before using other types of pipette tips, please ensure they reach the bottom of the Nucleocuvette<sup>™</sup> wells without getting stuck
- Supplied pmaxGFP<sup>™</sup> Vector, stock solution 1 μg/μl

#### Note

Volume of substrate solution added to each sample should not exceed 10% of the total reaction volume (2 µl for 20 µl reactions). For positive control using pmaxGFP<sup>™</sup> Vector, please dilute the stock solution to reach the appropriate working concentration.

- Substrate of interest, highly purified, preferably by using endotoxinfree kits; A260: A280 ratio should be at least 1.8
- 96-well culture plates or culture plates of your choice
- Culture medium: KGM-Gold™ BulletKit™ [Lonza; Cat. No. 00192060]
- Prewarm appropriate volume of culture medium to 37°C (150 µl per sample)
- For detaching cells: Reagent Pack<sup>™</sup> Subculture Reagent Kit containing trypsin/EDTA, HEPES Buffered Saline Solution (HBSS) and Trypsin Neutralizing Solution (TNS) [Lonza, Cat. No. CC-5034]
- Appropriate number of cells (1 x 10<sup>5</sup> cells per sample; lower or higher cell numbers may influence transfection results)

## 1. Pre Nucleofection™

#### Note

Transfection results may be donor-dependent.

#### **Cell culture recommendations**

#### **Neonatal NHEK**

- 1.1 Seeding conditions: 5–7 x 10<sup>3</sup> cells/cm<sup>2</sup>; use e.g. 75cm<sup>2</sup> flasks
- 1.2 Cells should be passaged after reaching 60–70% confluency; replace media every other day

- 1.3 Cells should be preferably passaged 3-4 days before Nucleofection<sup>™</sup>; optimal confluency before Nucleofection<sup>™</sup> is 80-90%
- 1.4 Do not use cells after passage number 5 as this may result in substantially lower gene transfer efficiency and viability

#### Adult NHEK

- 1.5 Seeding conditions: 5 x 10<sup>3</sup> cells/cm<sup>2</sup>; use e.g. 75cm<sup>2</sup> flasks
- 1.6 Cells should be passaged after reaching 50–60% confluency; replace media every other day
- Cells should be preferably passaged 3 days before Nucleofection<sup>™</sup>; optimal confluency before Nucleofection<sup>™</sup> is 50–60%
- 1.8 Do not use cells after passage number 2 as this may result in substantially lower gene transfer efficiency and viability

#### **Trypsinization**

- 1.9 Remove media from the cultured cells and wash cells once with HBSS; use at least same volume of HBSS as culture media
- 1.10 Cells are very sensitive to trypsin treatment. For harvesting, incubate the cells 3–5 minutes at 37°C with recommended volume of indicated trypsinization reagent (please see required material)
- 1.11 Neutralize trypsinization reaction with TNS once the majority of the cells (>90%) have been detached. Do not incubate the cells in TNS longer than 10 minutes

## 2. Nucleofection™

#### One Nucleofection™ Sample Contains

- 1 x 10<sup>5</sup> cells
- 0.4−1  $\mu$ g plasmid DNA (in 1−2  $\mu$ l H<sub>2</sub>O or TE) or 0.4  $\mu$ g pmaxGFP<sup>™</sup> Vector or 30−300nM siRNA (0.6−6 pmol/sample)
- 20 μl P3 Primary Cell 96-well Nucleofector™ Solution
- 2.1 Please make sure that the entire supplement is added to the Nucleofector<sup>™</sup> Solution
- 2.2 Start Nucleofector™ 96-well Shuttle™ Software, verify device connection and upload experimental parameter file (for details see manual "Nucleofector™ 96-well Shuttle System)
- 2.3 Select the appropriate 96-well Nucleofector™ Program 96-DS-138
- 2.4 Prepare cell culture plates by filling appropriate number of wells with desired volume of recommended culture media, e.g. 70 μl\* (see note at the end of this chapter) for one well of a 96-well plate and pre-incubate/equilibrate plates in a humidified 37°C/5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator
- 2.5 Pre-warm an aliquot of culture medium to 37°C (80 µl per sample\*)
- 2.6 Prepare 0.4−1 µg plasmid DNA or 0.4 µg pmaxGFP<sup>™</sup> Vector or 30 nM-300 nM siRNA (0.6−6 pmol/sample)

- 2.7 Harvest the cells by trypsinization (please see 1.9–1.11)
- 2.8 Count an aliquot of the cells and determine cell density
- 2.9 Centrifuge the required number of cells (1 x 10<sup>5</sup> cells per sample) at 200xg for 10 minutes at room temperature. Remove supernatant completely
- 2.10 Resuspend the cell pellet carefully in 20 µl room temperature 96well Nucleofector™ Solution per sample

#### A. One or several substrates (DNAs or RNAs) in multiples:

- Prepare mastermixes by dividing cell suspension according to number of substrates
- Add required amount of substrates to each aliquot (max. 2 µl per sample)
- Transfer 20 µl of mastermixes into the wells of the 96-well Nucleocuvette<sup>™</sup> Modules

#### B. Multiple substrates (e.g. library transfection):

- Pipette 20 µl of cell suspension into each well of a sterile U- or V-bottom
  96-well microtiter plate
- Add 2 µl substrates (maximum) to each well
- Transfer 20 µl of cells with substrates into the wells of the 96-well Nucleocuvette<sup>™</sup> Modules

#### Note

It is advisable to pre-dispense each cell suspension into a sterile roundbottom 96-well plate or to pipet from a pipetting reservoir for multichannel pipettes. Use a multi-channel or single-channel pipette with suitable pipette tips. As leaving cells in 96-well Nucleofector<sup>™</sup> Solution for extended periods of time may lead to reduced transfection efficiency and viability it is important to work as quickly as possible. Avoid air bubbles while pipetting.

- 2.11 Gently tap the Nucleocuvette<sup>™</sup> Plate to make sure the sample covers the bottom of the well
- 2.12 Place 96-well Nucleocuvette<sup>™</sup> Plate with closed lid into the retainer of the 96-well Shuttle. Well "A1" must be in upper left position
- 2.13 Start 96-well Nucleofection™ Process by either pressing "Upload and start" in the 96-well Shuttle™ Software or pressing "Upload" in the 96-well Shuttle™ Software and then the "Start" button at the

96-well Shuttle<sup>™</sup> (for both options please refer to the respective Manual)

- 2.14 After run completion, open retainer and carefully remove the 96well Nucleocuvette<sup>™</sup> Plate from the retainer.
- 2.15 Incubate Nucleocuvette™ Plate for 10 min at room temperature
- 2.17 Plate desired amount of cells in culture system of your choice. Recommendation for 96-well plates: Transfer 30 µl of resuspended cells to 70 µl pre-warmed medium prepared in 96-well culture plates\*

#### \* Note

The indicated cell numbers and volumes have been found to produce optimal 96-well Nucleofection™ Results in most cases. However, depending on your specific needs you may wish to test an extended range of cell numbers. Cell numbers and volumes can be adapted such that fewer cells are transferred or duplicate plates can be seeded.

## 3. Post Nucleofection™

3.1 Incubate the cells in humidified 37°C/5% CO<sub>2</sub> incubator until analysis. Gene expression or down regulation, respectively, is often detectable after only 4–8 hours

BioResearch Amaxa™ 96-well Shuttle™ Protocol for Normal Human Epidermal Keratinocytes (NHEK)

### **Additional Information**

#### Up-To-Date List of all Nucleofector™ References

www.lonza.com/nucleofection-citations

#### **Technical Assistance and Scientific Support**

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